

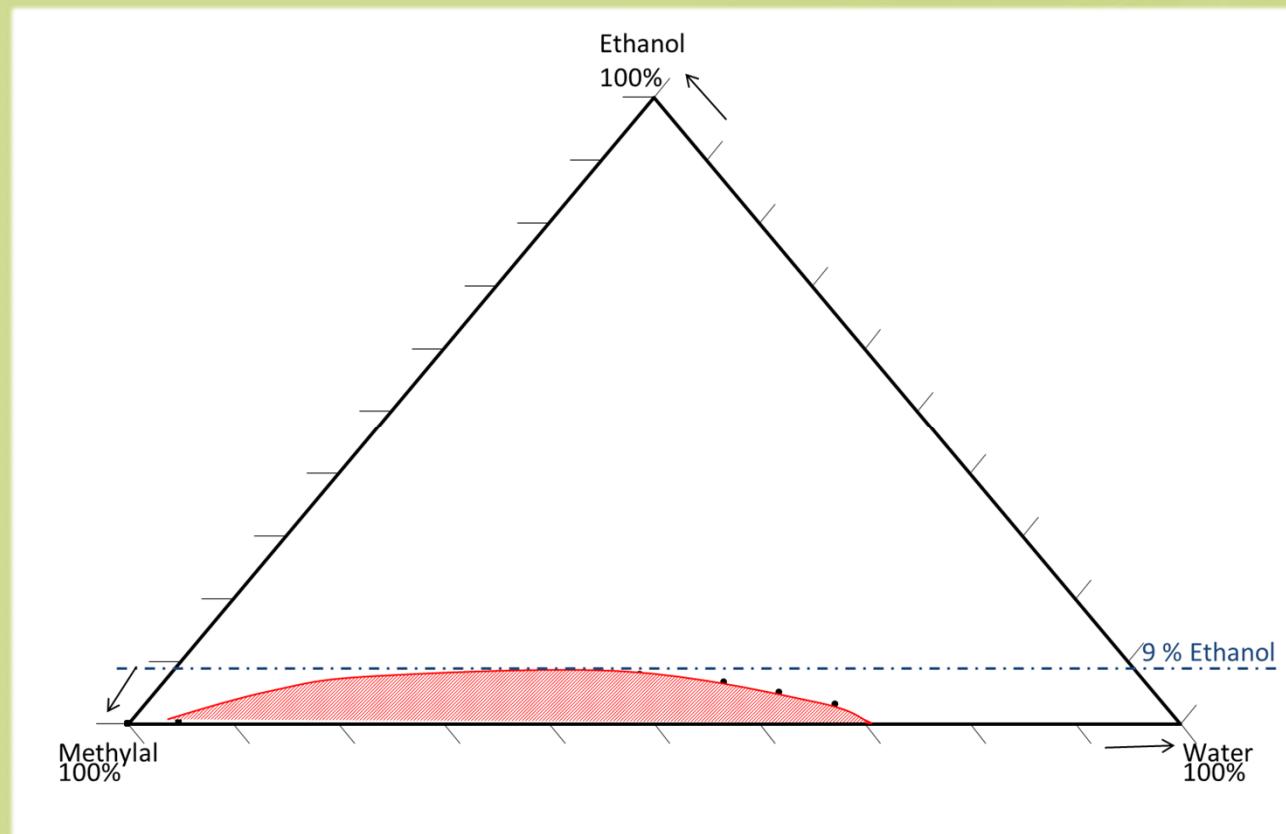
# **Acetals in Aerosols**

**Methylal, the ideal solvent for  
aerosol's formulas**

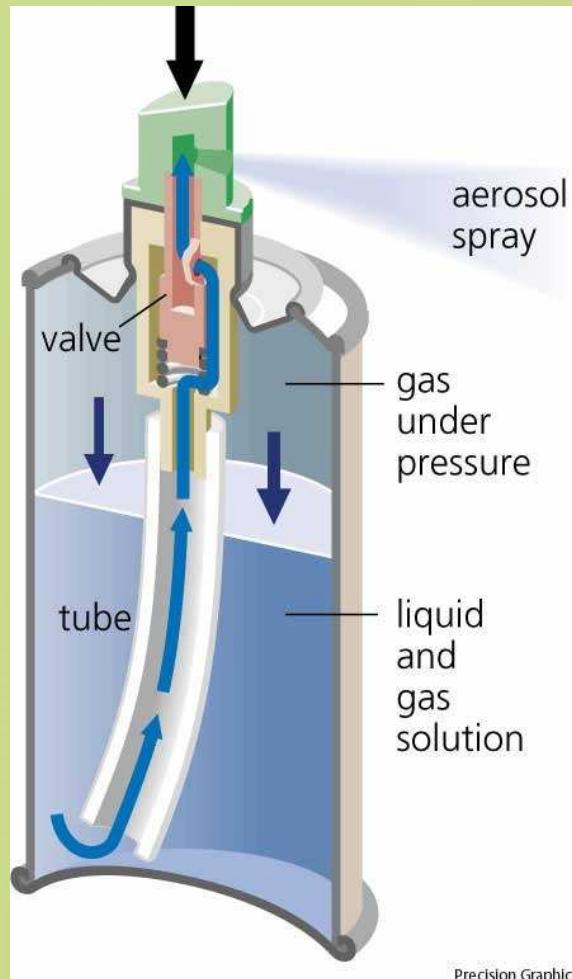
# DESCRIPTION OF METHYLAL

- $\text{CH}_3\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-\text{OCH}_3$
- Solvent
- Acetal (not Ether)
- Boiling Point 42,3°C
- High evaporation rate
- High solvent power (comparable to MeCl)
- Miscible with water
- Flammability comparable to Acetone

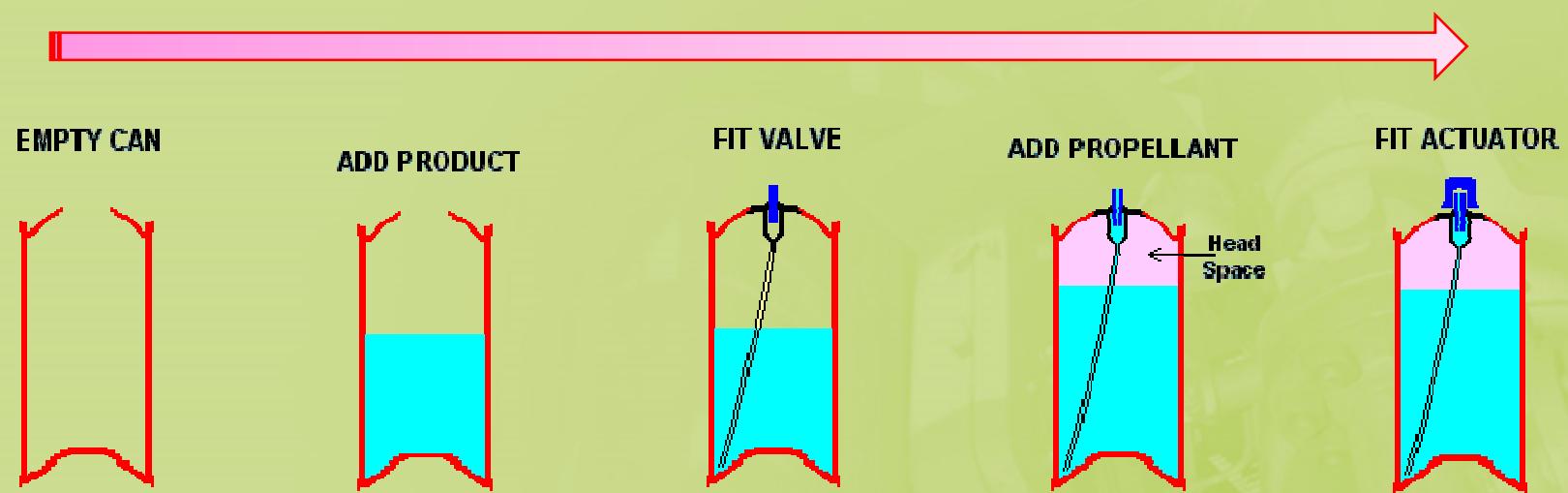
- Methylal in Water : Limit of miscibility of 33%
- Methylal – Water – Ethanol: fully miscible in presence of 9% Ethyl Alcohol



# What is an aerosol?



# How an aerosol is filled in?



Aerosol container:

- Tin plate
- Aluminium
- Glass

Product:

Usually liquid  
Contains all active  
ingredients, except  
propellant

Valve:

To be crimped

Propellant :

- Liquid gas
- Compressed  
gas

- Actuator
- Dust cap
- Batch code

# **Benefits of Methylal**

- I. Solubilisation of ingredients**
- II. Water miscibility**
- III. Compatibility with propellants**
- IV. Reduction of particles' size**
- V. Optimisation of drying time**



# SOLUBILISATION OF INGREDIENTS

Lambiotte  
&Cie

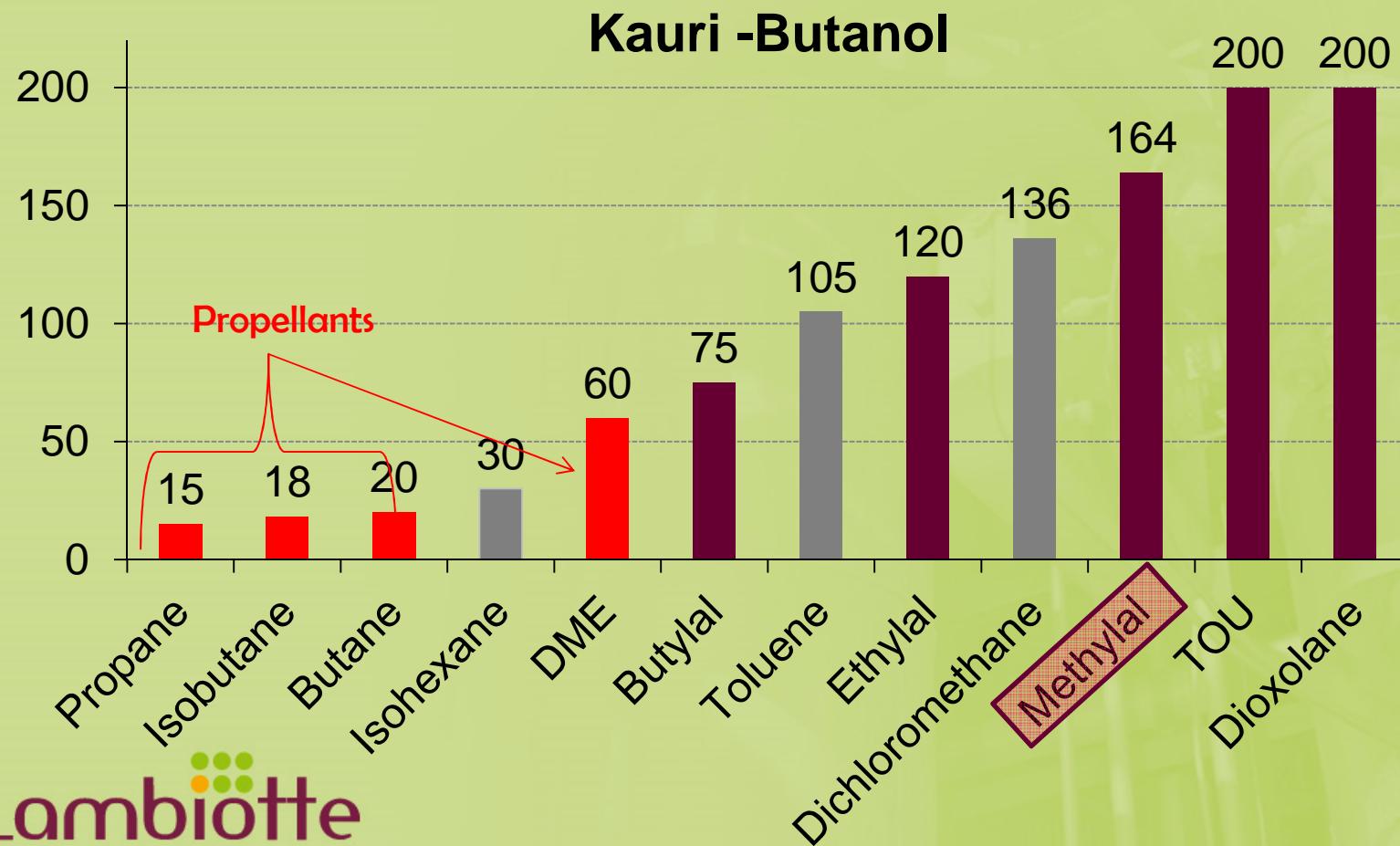
# Solubilisation of ingredients

In the container:

- Active ingredients (resins, perfumes, insecticides...)
- Solvents
- Propellant:
  - If Hydrocarbons : Low solvent power
    - ↳ Instability
    - ↳ Precipitation
    - ↳ Obstruction

# Solubilisation of ingredients

## Solvent Power



# Solubilisation of ingredients

## Solvent Power

### **Benefits of High Kauri Butanol values:**

- No precipitation in the dip tube while filling with the propellant
- Lower cloud point

# Solubilisation of ingredients

## Solvent Power

Methylal vs Pentane (e.g. hair spray)

### METHYLAL



STUDY ON DRYING TIME

COMPOSITION F :

|               |                            |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| 3.00          | RESIN 28-1310/LUVICET CA66 |
| 0.24          | AMP                        |
| 0.03          | PERFUME                    |
| 50.00 - 20.00 | ETHYL ALCOHOL              |
| 15.00         | PENTANE                    |
| 35.00 - 65.00 | DIMETHYL ETHER             |

100.00

COMPOSITION G : AS F WHEREBY PENTANE IS REPLACED  
BY METHYLAL

ME15

# Solubilisation of ingredients

## Solvent Power

Methylal vs Pentane (e.g. hair spray)

### METHYLAL



STUDY ON SOLVENCY POWER

COMPOSITION F :

|              | PENTANE |       |    | METHYLAL |    |       |   |
|--------------|---------|-------|----|----------|----|-------|---|
| % ALCOHOL    | 50      | 35    | 20 | 50       | 35 | 20    |   |
| ASPECT 20°C  | ←       | CLEAR | →  | CLOUDY   | ←  | CLEAR | → |
| ASPECT -20°C | ←       | CLEAR | →  | CLOUDY   | ←  | CLEAR | → |

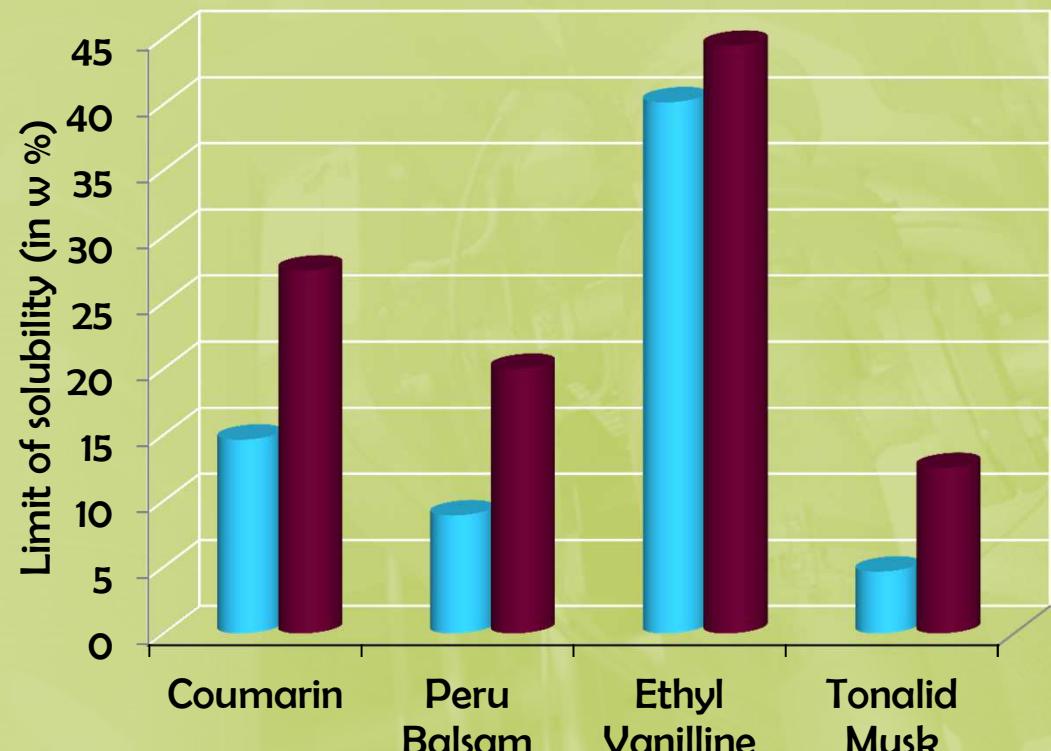
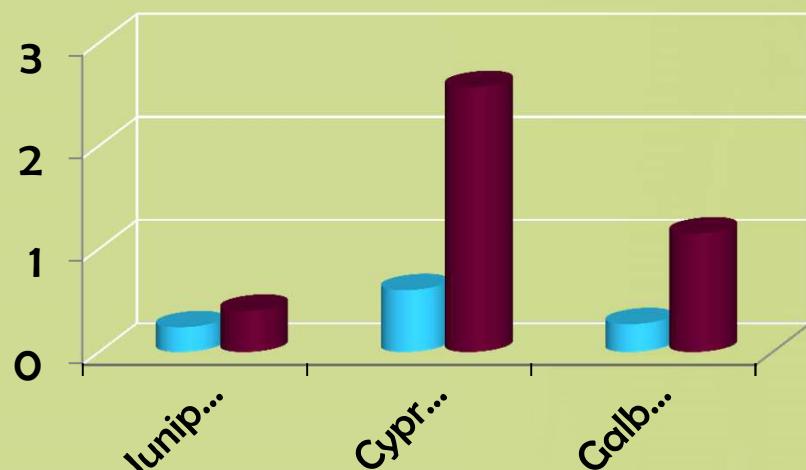
ME16

# Solubilisation of ingredients

## *Methylal versus Ethanol*

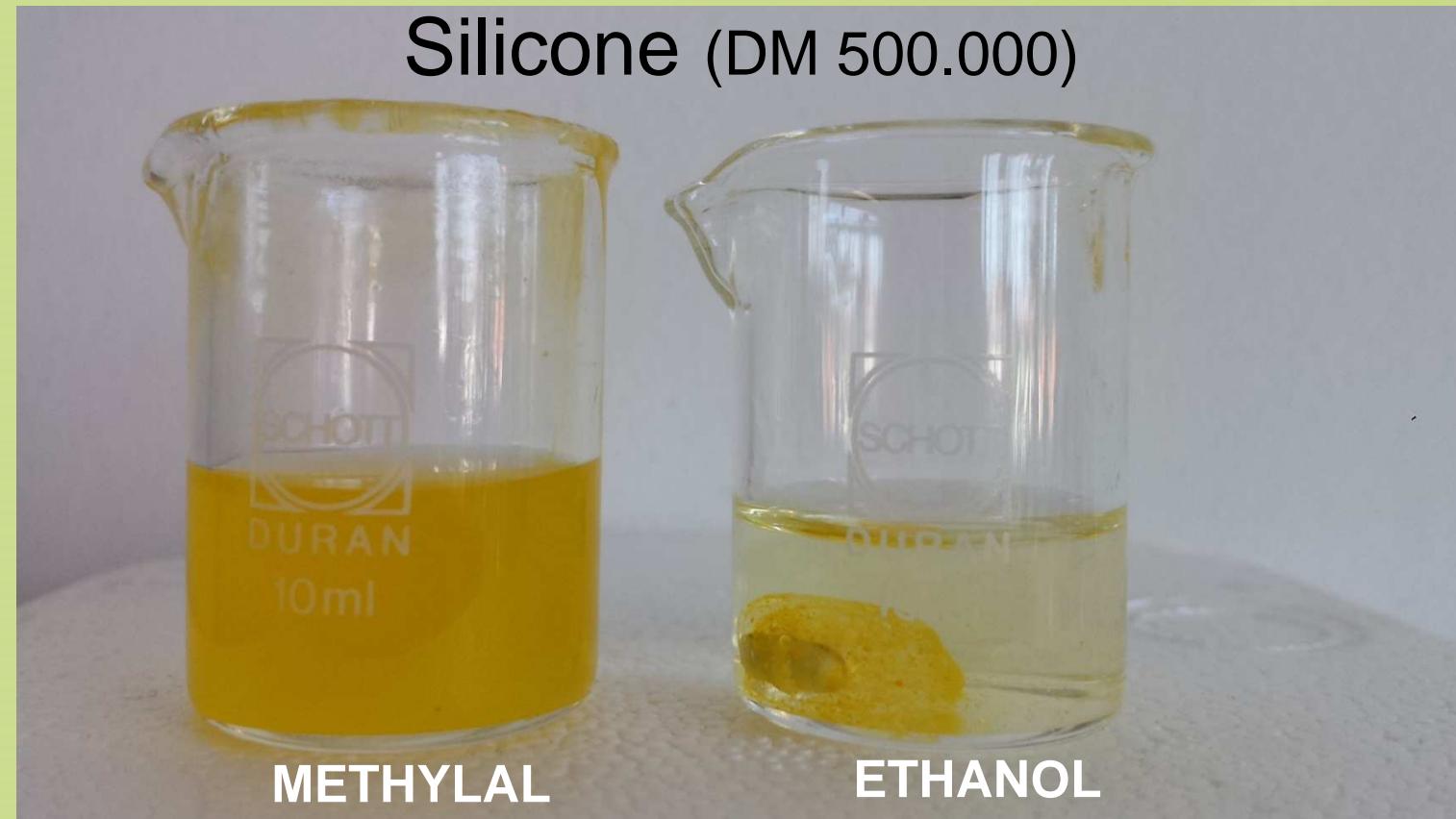
■ Water 20%  
Ethanol 80%  
Methylal 0%

■ Water 20%  
Ethanol 30%  
Methylal 50%



# Solubilisation of ingredients

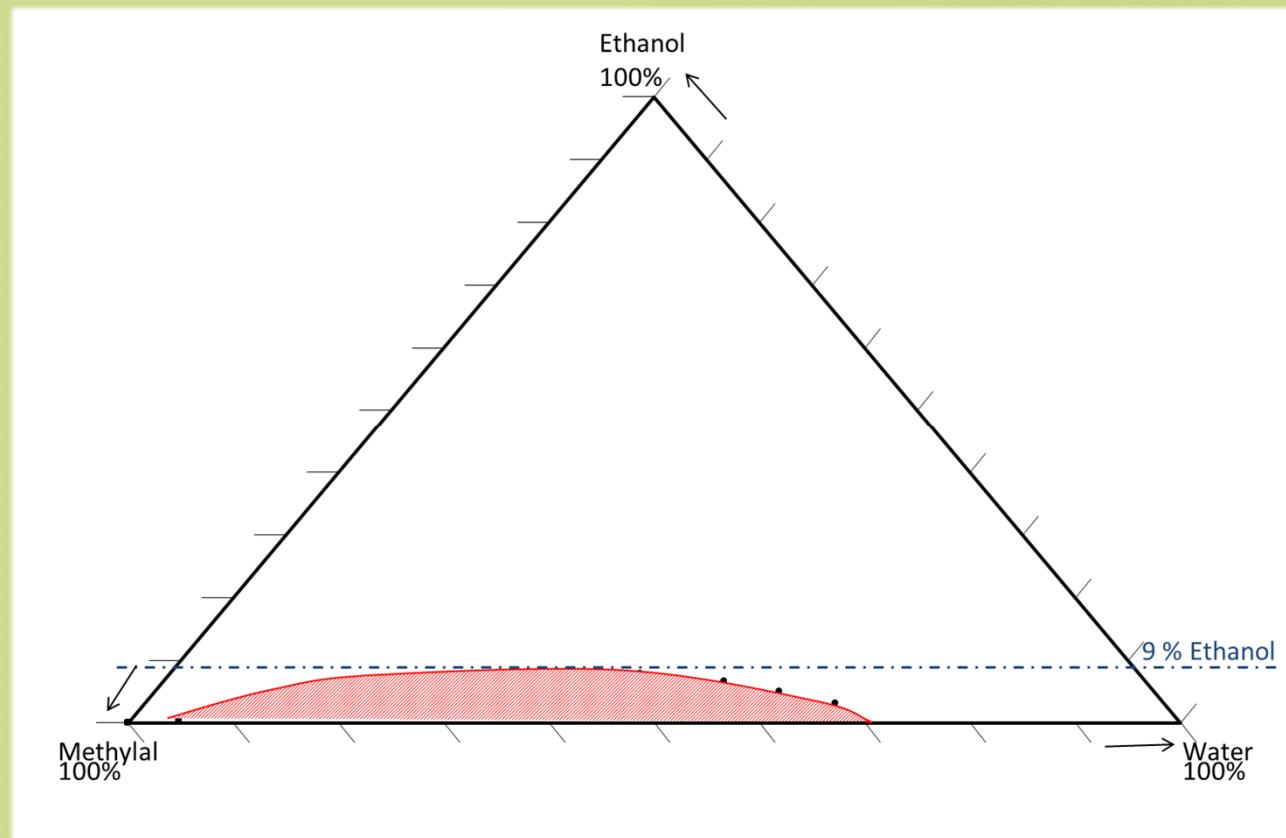
## *Methylal versus Ethanol*



# WATER MISCELLIBILITY

# Water Miscibility

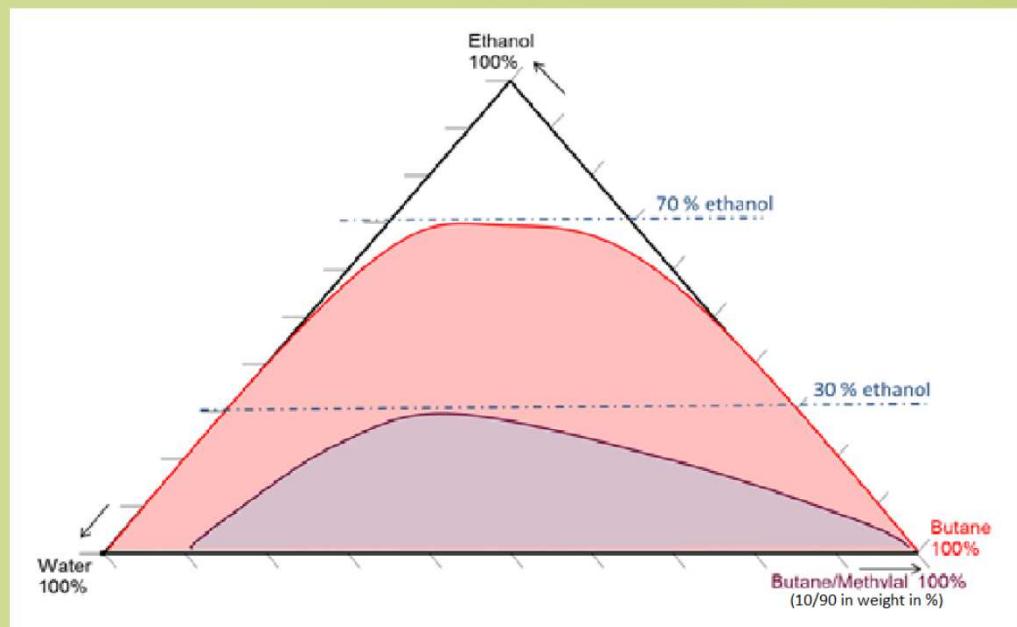
- Methylal in Water : Limit of miscibility of 33%
- Methylal – Water – Ethanol: fully miscible in presence of 9% Ethyl Alcohol



# Water miscibility with hydrocarbons

## Influence of methylal

- System: Water – Ethanol – Butane
  - Without Methylal: single phase with 70% of ethanol  
=> only room for 30% of water/hydrocarbons
  - With Methylal: single phase with 30% ethanol  
=> much bigger room for water/hydrocarbons





# COMPATIBILITY WITH PROPELLANTS

Lambiotte  
&Cie

# Compatibility with propellants

Methylal is compatible with propellants

- Liquid propellants:
  - Hydrocarbons' blends (iso-butane, n-butane, propane)
  - Dimethylether (DME)
  - Fluorocarbons (HFC-152 a, 134 a)
- Compressed gases:
  - CO<sub>2</sub>
  - N<sub>2</sub>O

# Compatibility with propellants

## Bunsen Coefficient for main solvents

| Solvent     | Bunsen Coef |
|-------------|-------------|
| Methylal    | 9,5         |
| Dioxolane   | 7,6         |
| Acetone     | 5,3         |
| Ethanol     | 2,6         |
| Isopropanol | 2,3         |
| Toluene     | 2,15        |
| Isohexane   | 1,7         |
| Water       | 0,82        |

# Compatibility with propellants

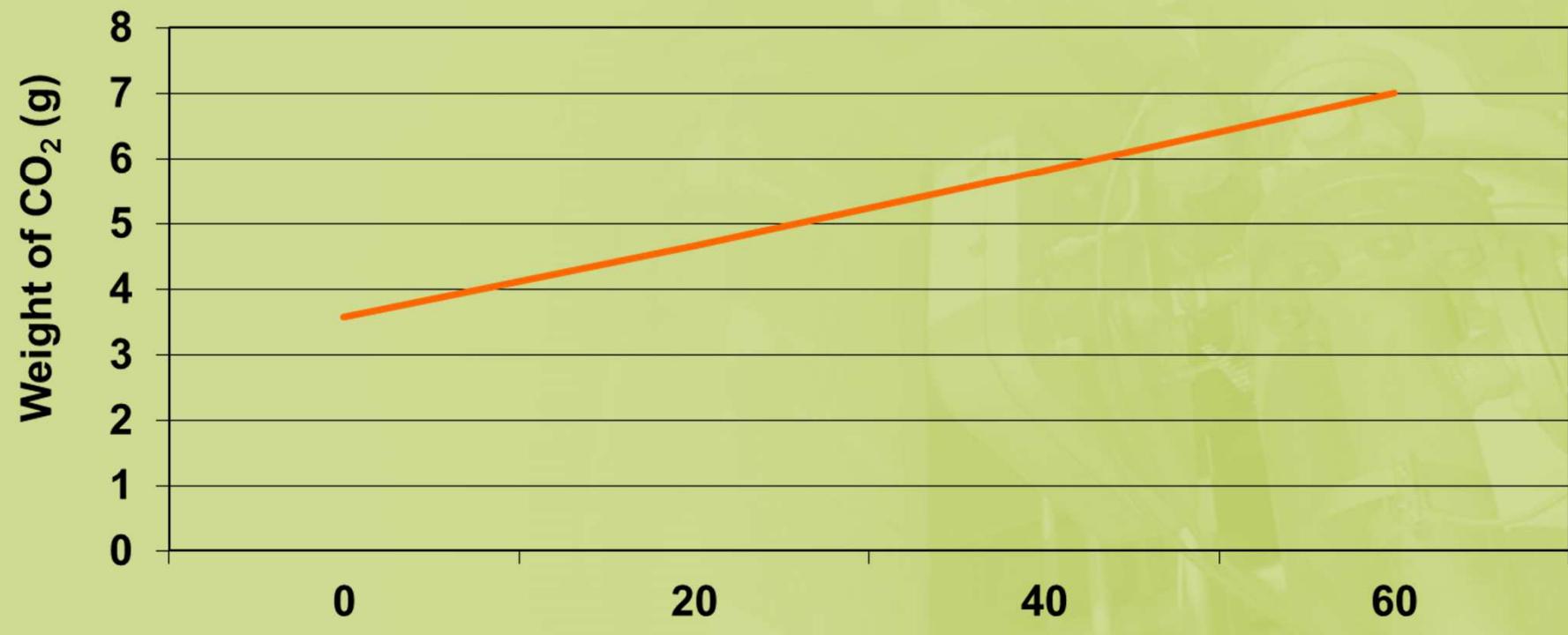
## $\text{CO}_2$ solubility in hydroalcoholic blends

### *Influence of methylal*

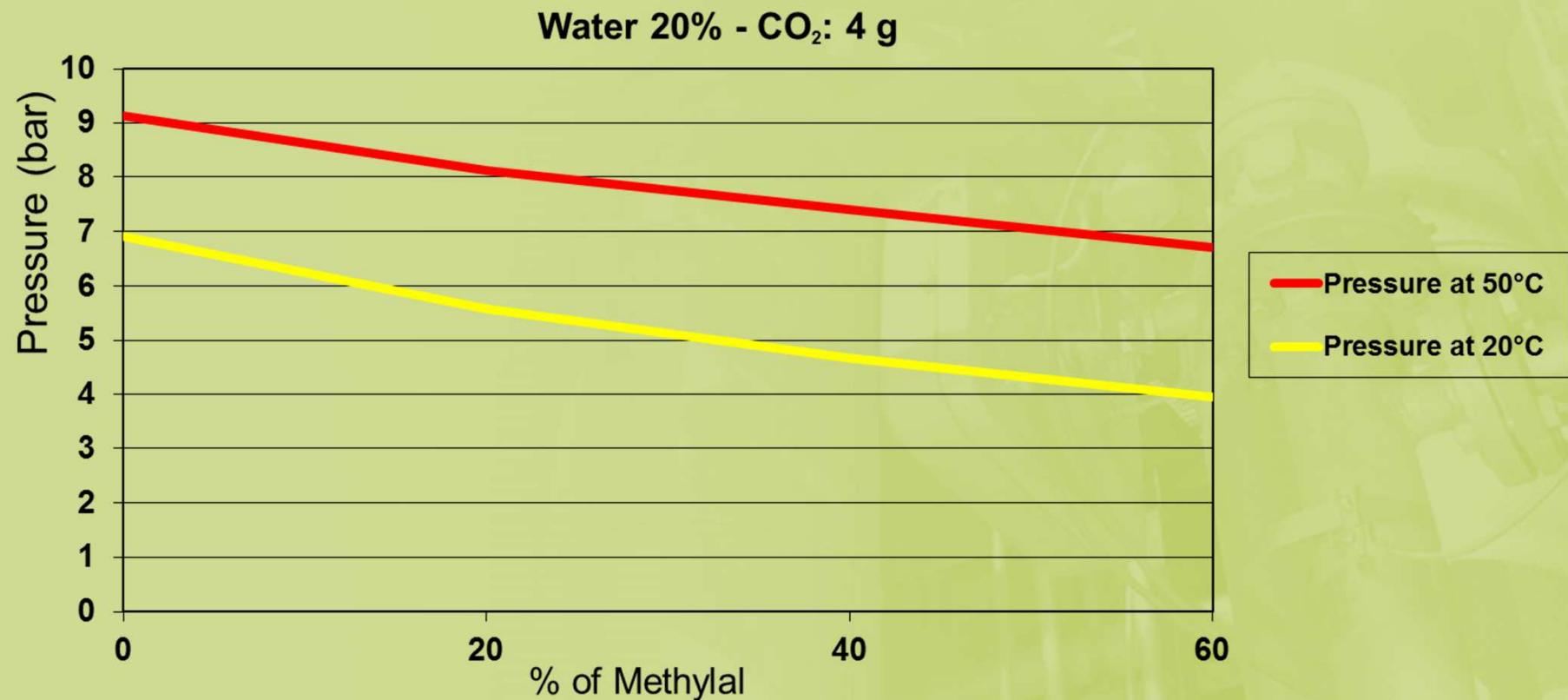


## Influence of Methylal on the solubility of CO<sub>2</sub> in hydro-alcoholic mixtures at a constant pressure

Increase of solubility of CO<sub>2</sub>  
Water 20% - Pressure (20°C) 6 bar



# Influence of Methylal on the pressure generated by CO<sub>2</sub> in hydro-alcoholic mixtures with constant amount of CO<sub>2</sub>



# PARTICLES' SIZE

# Particles' Size

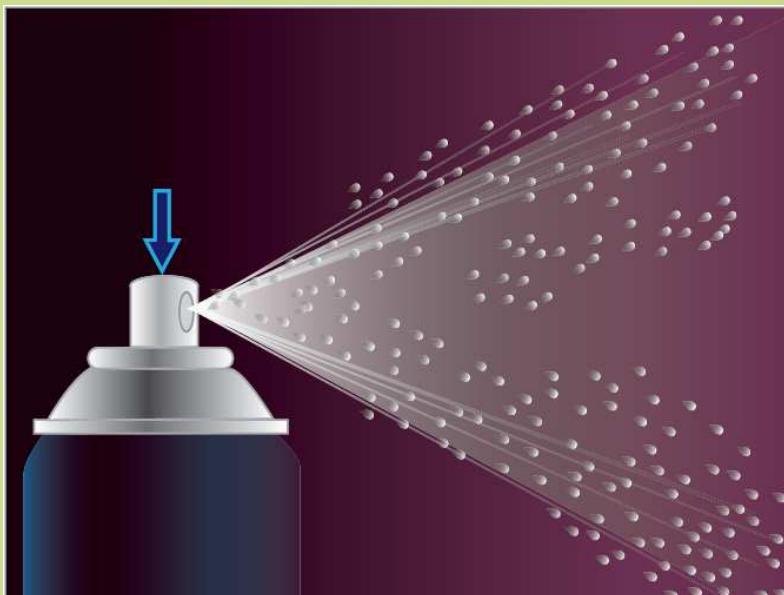
## Viscosity and Surface Tension

|          | Dynamic viscosity 20°C<br>(cp) | Surface Tension<br>(mN/m) |
|----------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Methylal | 0,3                            | 21,1                      |
| Ethanol  | 1,2                            | 22,1                      |

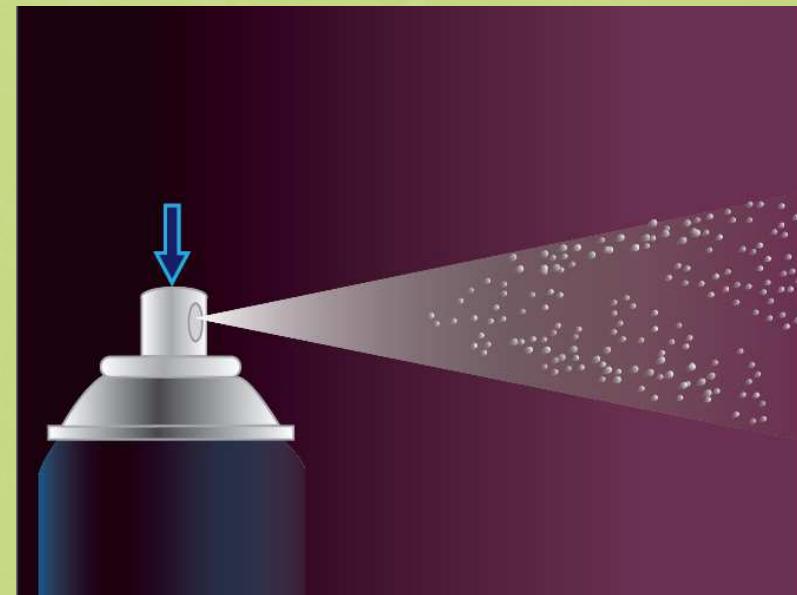
# Particles' Size

*Influence of methylal*

Without methylal

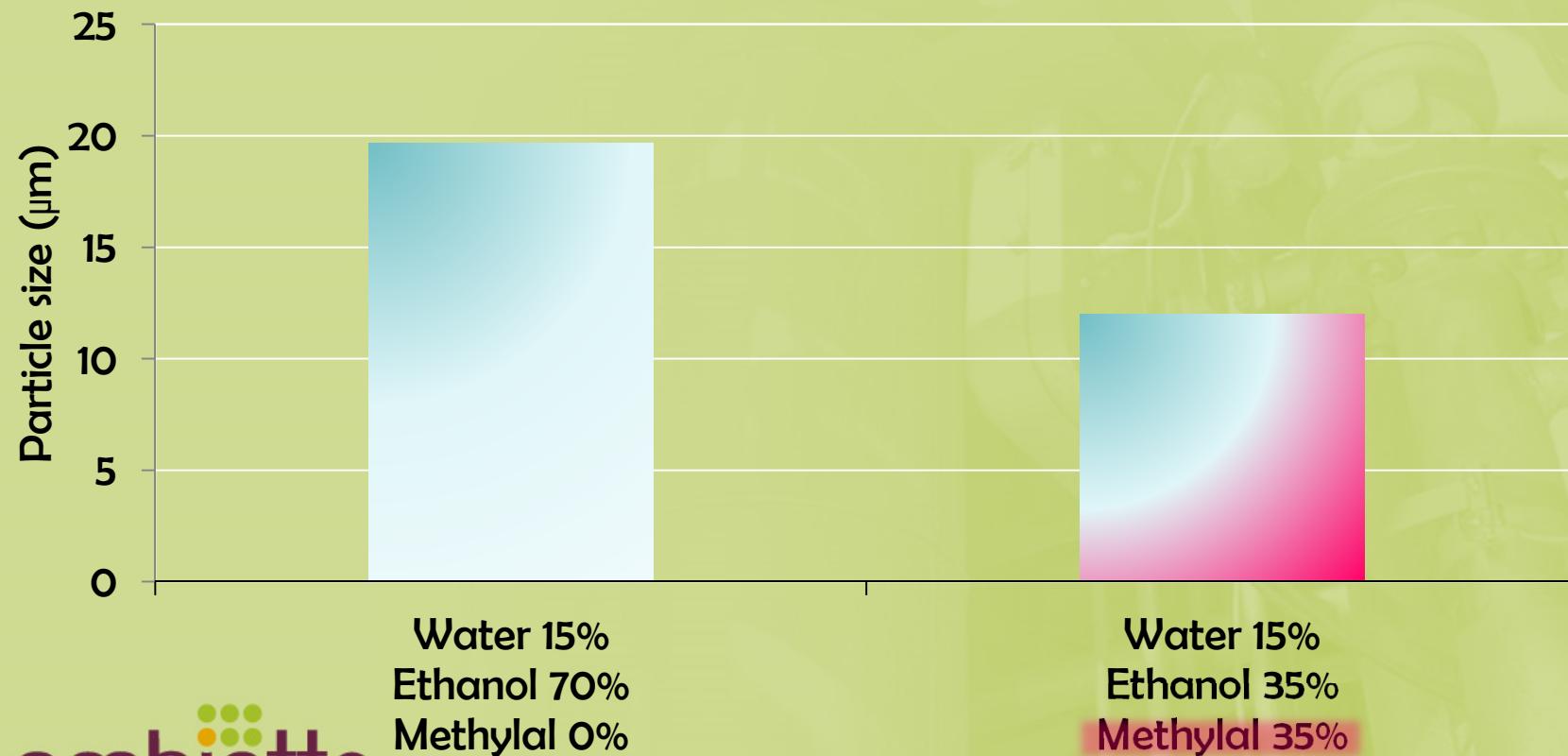


With methylal



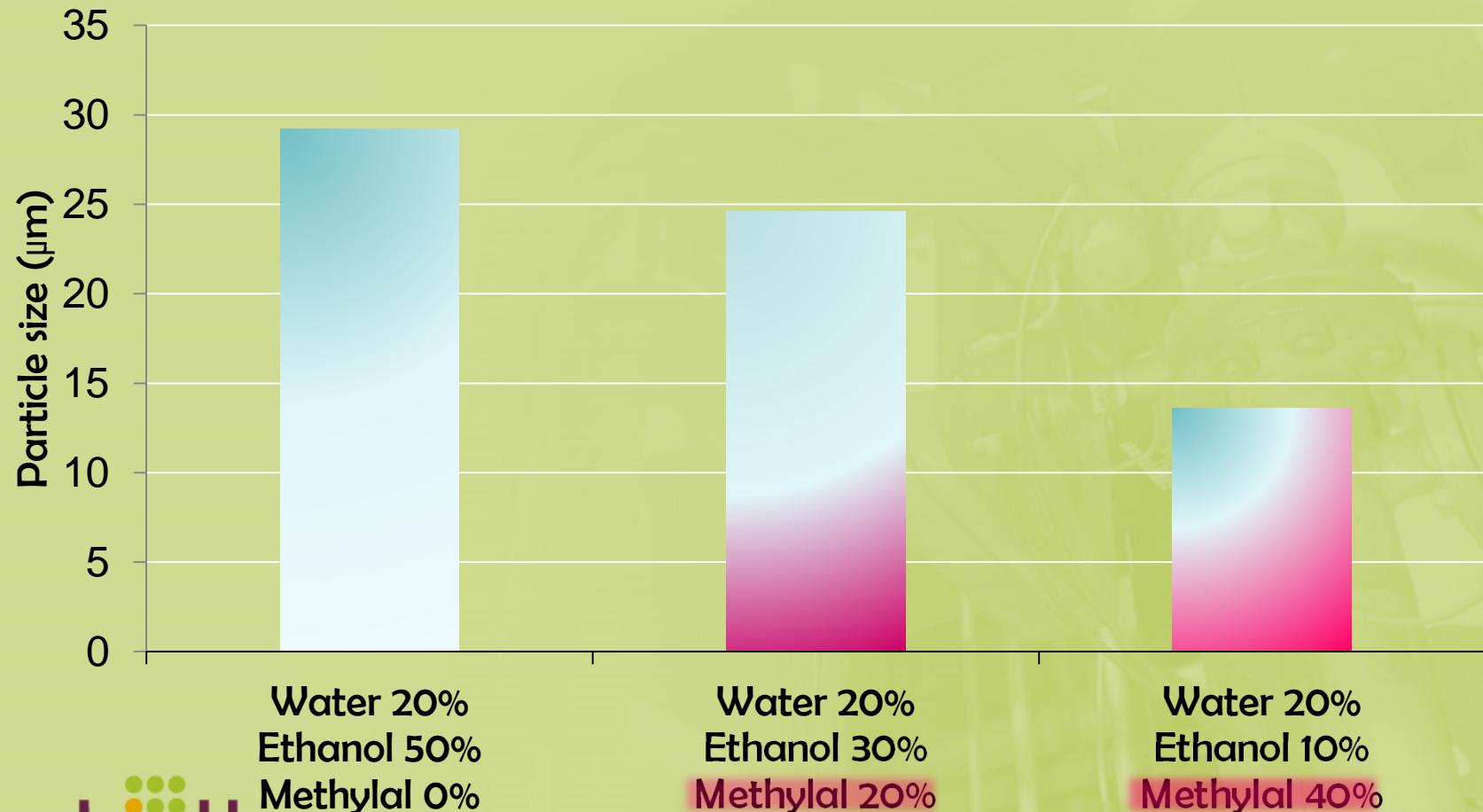
# Particules' Size

*Influence of methylal with 15% hydrocarbons*



# Particles' Size

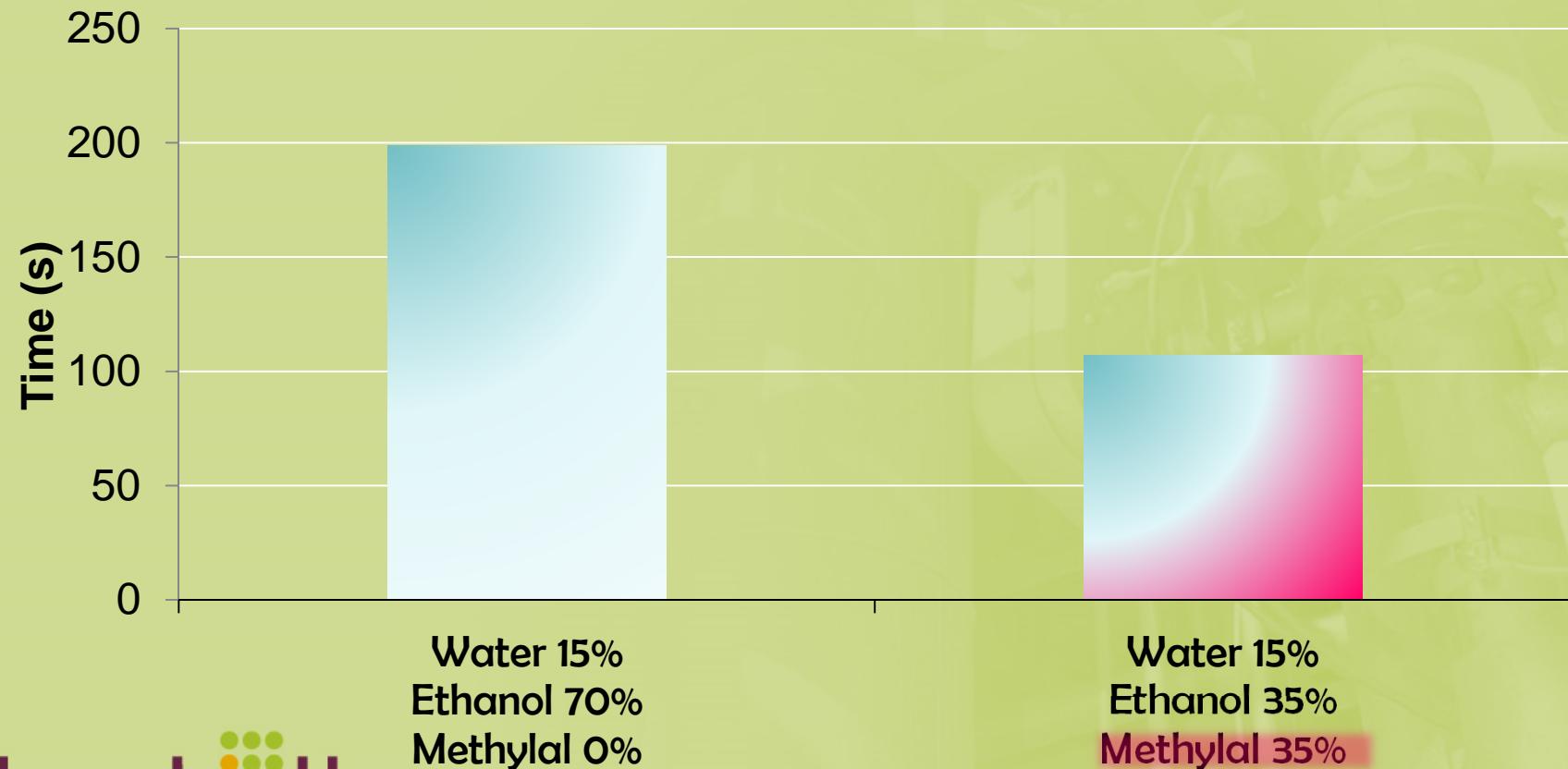
## *Influence of methylal with 30% DME*



# DRYING TIME

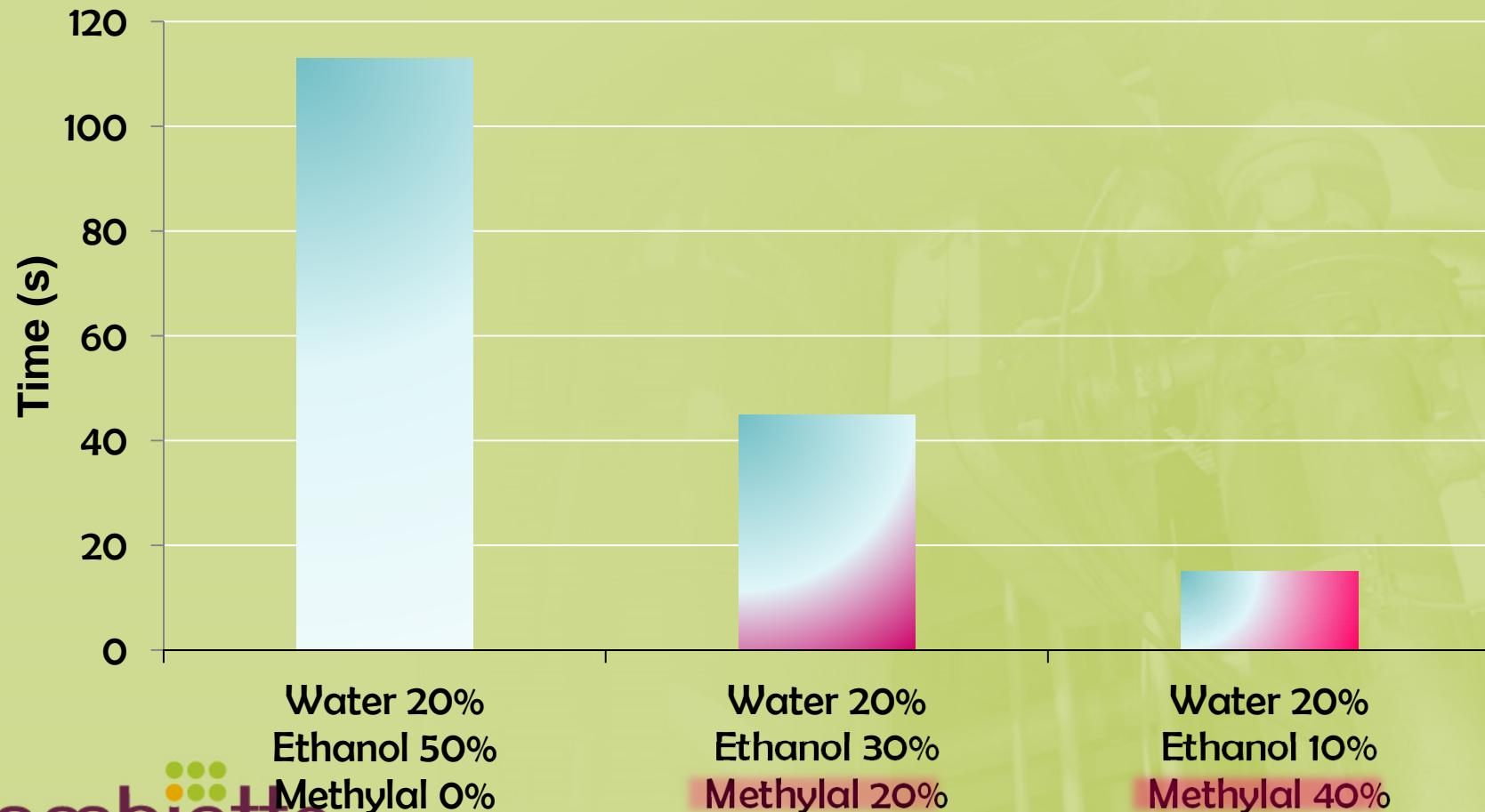
# Drying time

*Influence of methylal with 15% hydrocarbons*



# Drying time

## *Influence of methylal with 30% DME*



# Applications

## □ Cosmetic

- Hair Care: Hair spray..
- Toiletries: Alcohol free deodorants...

## □ Para pharmaceuticals

- Cooling spray
- Bandaging spray..

## □ Household

- Insecticide
- Cleaner
- Air freshener
- Adhesive .....

## □ Technical

- Paint
- Paint Stripper, Graffiti Remover
- Glue
- Lubricant, Grease, Deblocking oil...

## □ Automotive

- Brake, Engine, Rim cleaners
- Lubricant / Oil / Silicone.....



# COSMETICS

## *HAIR SPRAY*

# *Product on the market : Hair spray*



Lambiotte  
&Cie



# COSMETICS

## *BODY DEODORANT*

# COSMETICS

## *BODY DEODORANT*

- Methylal enhances the compatibility between essential oils,  
... and water
- Methylal improves the spray quality by reducing the particles' size
- Methylal increases the drying velocity of water-based products
- Methylal allows to formulate Alcohol-free deodorants

# PARAPHARMACEUTICALS

- Cooling spray
- Plaster spray
- Haemostatic spray
- Insect repellent

...

# *Cooling spray*



## **COMPOSITION :**

Butane, Isobutane, Propane, **Methylal**, Parfum.

# *Foot deodorant*

## COMPOSITION DU PRODUIT

Butane, methylal, propane, alcohol denat., talc, magnesium trisilicate, boric acid, silica, parfum, myristalkonium saccharinate, aluminium chlorohydrate, hexyl cinnamal, linalool, amylcinnamal, limonene, alpha-Isomethyl ionone, citronellol, geranlol.



# *Haemostatic spray*



## AVSNITT 3: Sammensetning/angivelse av bestanddeler

| Bestanddeler  | CAS-nr   | EC-nr.           | Vekt%   | Klassifisering   |
|---|----------|------------------|---------|--|
| Butan   | 106-97-8 | EINECS 203-448-7 | 1 - 50  | F+:R12 - Note C (EU)<br>Flam. Gas 1, H220; Komprimert gass, H280 - Note C.U (CLP)        |
| Propan  | 74-98-6  | EINECS 200-827-9 | 1 - 50  | F+:R12 (EU)<br>Flam. Gas 1, H220; Komprimert gass, H280 - Note U (CLP)                   |
| Dimetoksymetan                                      | 109-87-5 | EINECS 203-714-2 | 35 - 45 |  |
| MDOC (Kalsium og natriumsalt av oksidert cellulose) | Ingen    |                  | 1 - 10  |  |
| Propan-2-ol   | 67-63-0  | EINECS 200-661-7 | 1 - 5   | F:R11; Xi:R36; R67 (EU)<br>Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336 (CLP) |

# *Plaster spray*



Biogaze® Plaster spray contains following ingredients :

- \* Chlorhexidine digluconaat
- \* Glycolisch aloëextract
- \* Cellulose-acetopropionaat
- \* Di-adipaat
- \* 2,2,4-Trimethyl-1,3- Pentaandiol di-isobutyraat
- \* Ethyloleaat
- \* Isopropylalcohol
- \* Isobutylalcohol
- \* **Methylal**
- \* 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethaan

# HOUSEHOLD

- Air fresheners
- Insecticides
- Spot removers
- Oven cleaners
- Waxes
- ...

# **HOUSEHOLD**

## ***INSECTICIDE***

Lambiotte  
&Cie

# INSECTICIDES

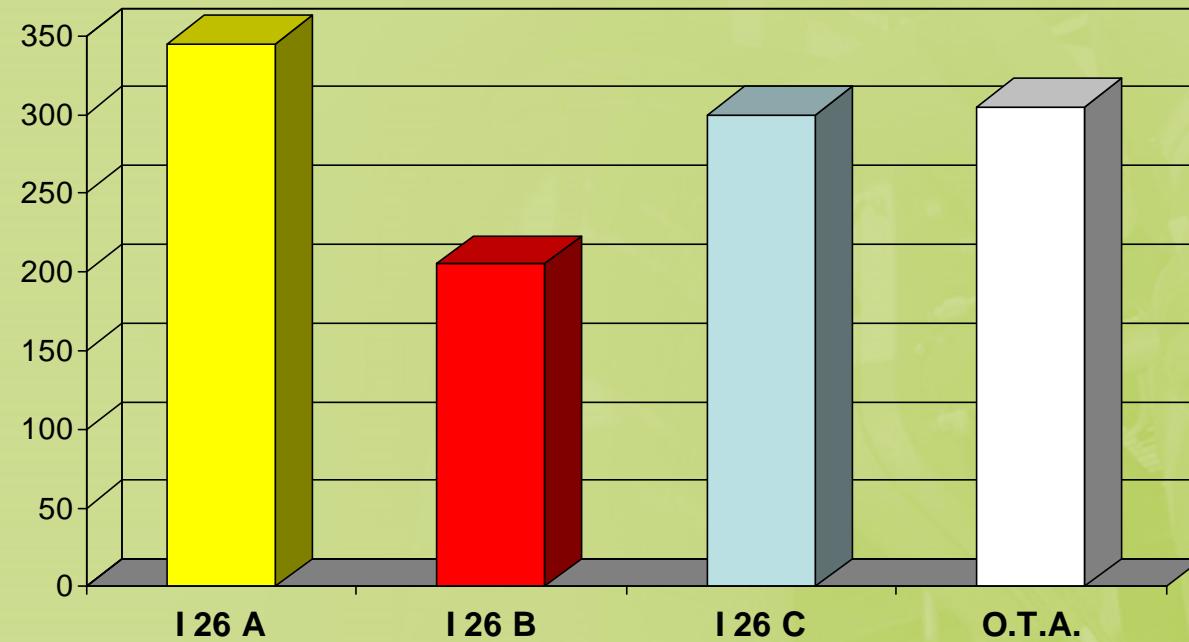
## ***Specific advantages of Methylal:***

- Higher knock-down in solvent-based aerosol insecticides
- Single phase water-based aerosol formula  
(no shaking required before use)
- Boosts the efficiency of water-based formulations by improving the penetration of actives into the insect's hydrophobic secretions
- Possibility of CO<sub>2</sub> aerosol formulation
- Pump spray insecticides

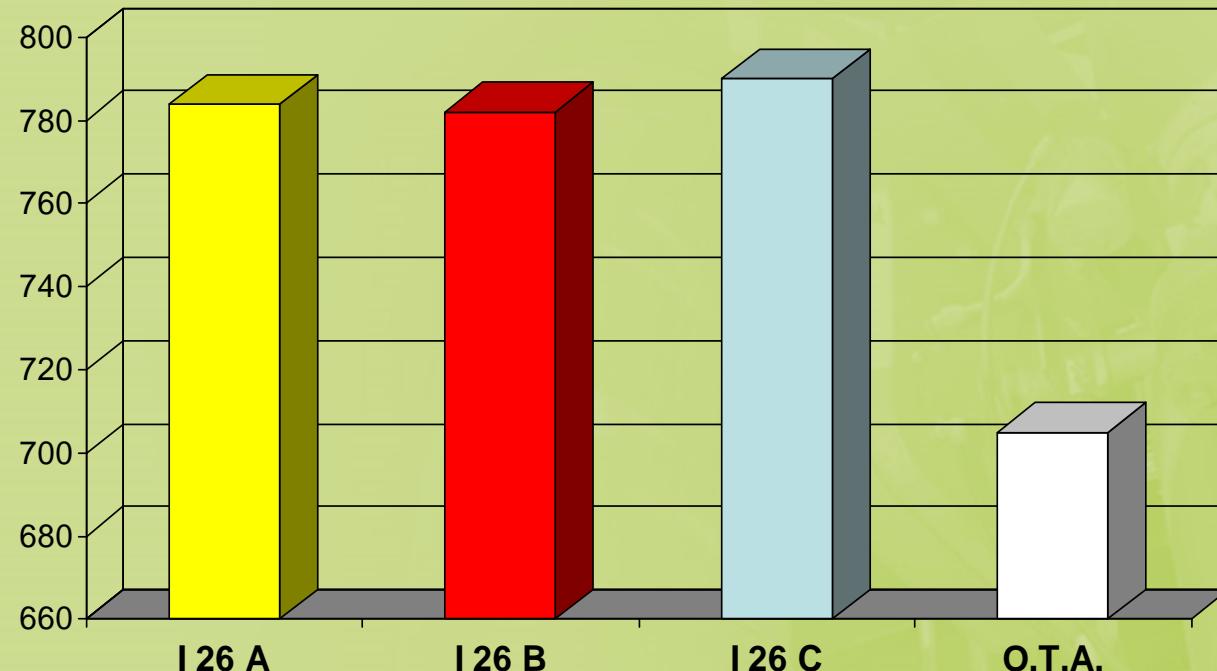
## **Ex: Solvent-based Insecticide formulations for flying insects**

|                    | I26 A<br>(w/w %) | I26 B<br>(w/w %) | I26 C<br>(w/w %) |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Bioallethrine      | 0,075            | 0,075            | 0,075            |
| Tetramethrine      | 0,25             | 0,25             | 0,25             |
| Permethirne        | 0,075            | 0,075            | 0,075            |
| Piperonyl butoxide | 0,75             | 0,75             | 0,75             |
| <b>Methylal</b>    | <b>38,85</b>     | <b>0</b>         | <b>19,42</b>     |
| <b>Isopar C</b>    | <b>0</b>         | <b>38,85</b>     | <b>19,42</b>     |
| Propane butane     | 60               | 60               | 60               |

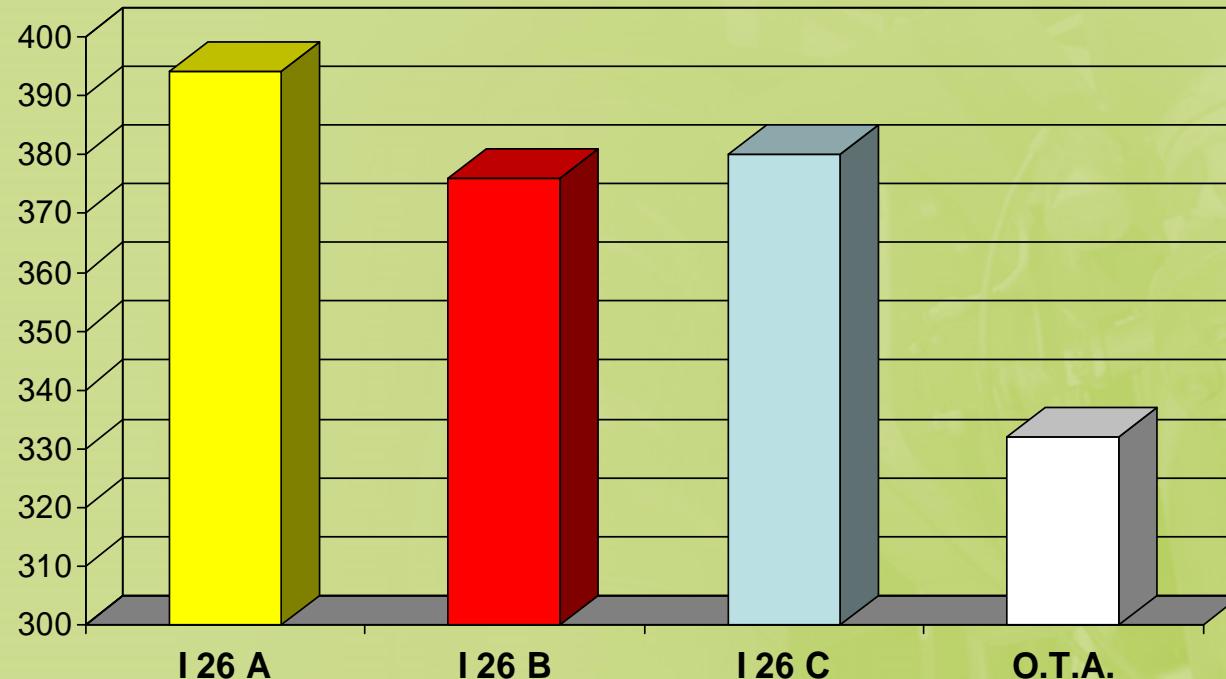
## Knock-down trials on 800 flies after 5 minutes



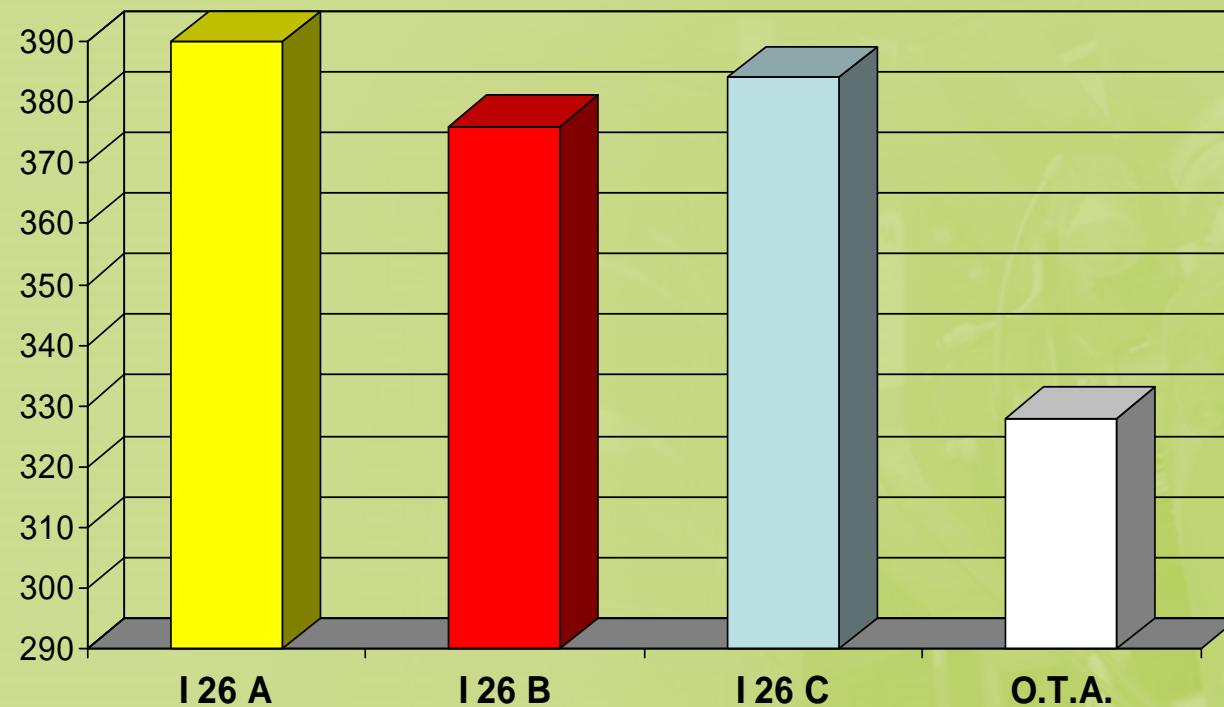
## Mortality trials on 800 flies after 24 hours



## Knock-down trials on 400 mosquitoes (after 15 minutes)



# Mortality trials on 400 mosquitoes (after 24 hours)



# Insecticide



| 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SEE ALSO BOX 16) |  |                                      |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| % w/w  | Common*/Chemical Name, ELINCS/EINECS & CAS No. of Ingredients  | EC 1999/45 Classification            |
| 0.03   | Permethrin* / 3-phenoxybenzyl (1RS, 3RS ; 1RS, 3RS)-3-(2,2-dichlorovinyl)-2,2-dimethyl cyclopropane carboxylate<br>EINECS : 258-067-9<br>CAS : 52645-53-1                    | Xn : R20/22<br>R : R43<br>N : R50,53 |
| 0.14   | Tetramethrin* / cyclohex-1-ene-1,2-dicarboxyimidomethyl(1RS)-cis-trans-2,2-dimethyl-3-(2-methylprop-1-enyl) cyclopropanecarboxylate<br>EINECS : 231-711-6<br>CAS : 7696-12-0 | N : R50,53                           |
| ≤1.0   | Piperonyl butoxide* / 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethyl 6-propylpiperonyl ether<br>EINECS : 200-076-7<br>CAS : 51-03-6   | N : R50,53                           |
| >25.0 ≤50.0  | Aerosol propellant* / liquefied petroleum gas<br>EINECS : 270-704-2<br>CAS : 68476-85-7  | F+ : R12                             |
| >2.5 ≤10.0   | Odourless kerosene<br>EINECS : 232-366-4<br>CAS : 8008-20-6  | R10<br>Xn : R65                      |
| ≤1.0   | Methylal* / Dimethoxymethane<br>EINECS : 203-714-2<br>CAS : 109-714-2  | F : R11                              |
| ≤1.0   | Sodium nitrite<br>EINECS : 231-555-9<br>CAS : 7632-00-0  | O : R8<br>T : R25<br>N : R50         |

# Adhesive spray

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### chemical characterization (preparation)

**description:** This preparation does not contain harmful substances and/or substances hazardous to the environment in accordance with the substance directive 67/548/EEC (incl. 31 ATP) or substances to which occupational exposure limit values are allocated.

### Dangerous ingredients:

| EC-no.:<br>CAS-No.:     | Identification of the hazard:<br>R phrases: | Classification<br>remark: | % by weight |
|-------------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------|
| 204-065-8<br>115-10-6   | dimethyl ether<br>12                        | F+<br>*                   | 25 - 50     |
| 204-112-2<br>115-86-6   | Triphenylphosphat<br>50/53                  | N                         | < 0,5       |
| 203-714-2<br>109-87-5   | Methylal<br>11                              | F<br>*                    | 5 - 10      |
| 247-693-8<br>26444-49-5 | diphenyl cresyl phosphate<br>51/53          | N                         | < 0,5       |



# Water-stop spray



\* **3 Zusammensetzung/Angaben zu Bestandteilen**

|  |  |         |
|--|--|---------|
| · Chemische Charakterisierung  |  |         |
| · Beschreibung: Imprägniermittel in Kohlenwasserstoff-Lösungsmitteln, mit Treibgas abgefüllt |  |         |
| · Gefährliche Inhaltsstoffe:   |  |         |
|  |  |         |
| CAS: 64742-49-0<br>EINECS: 265-151-9   | Naphtha (Erdöl), mit Wasserstoff behandelt, leicht,<br>< 0,001 % Benzol<br>Xn  Xi,  F,  N; R 11-38-51/53-65-67 | 50-100% |
| EINECS: 203-448-7  | Butan < 0,1 % 1,3-Butadien<br>F+; R 12   | 25-50%  |
| EINECS: 200-827-9  | Propan<br>F+; R 12   | 2,5-10% |
| CAS: 109-87-5<br>EINECS: 203-714-2   | Dimethoxymethan<br>F; R 11   | 2,5-10% |
| CAS: 123-86-4<br>EINECS: 204-658-1   | n-Butylacetat<br>R 10-66-67  | < 2,5%  |

(Fortsetzung auf Seite 2)

D

# *Spot remover*

| SECTION 2 — HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS |             |             |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| COMPONENT(S)                      | CAS #       | % by Weight |
| Pentane                           | 109-66-0    | 45-55%      |
| Methylal                          | 109-87-5    | <5%         |
| Hydrated Amorphous Silica         | 112926-00-8 | <5%         |
| Propane/n-Butane Blend            | 68476-86-8  | 25-35%      |



# FUN SPRAY

- Christmas snow
- Silly string
- Carnival foam
- Glitter sprays

# *Snow spray*



## 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Chemical name <sup>(1)</sup>  | Einecs<br>Cas         | Concentration % | Symbol | Phrases R |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|
| Dimethoxymethane  | 203-714-2<br>109-87-5 | 5 < 10          | F      | R11       |
| Gas of melted and softened<br>petroleum, petroleum gas <sup>(2)</sup> | 68476-86-8            | 1 < 5           | F+     | R12       |
| 1,1-difluoroethane  | 200-866-1<br>75-37-6  | 5 < 10          | F+     | R12       |

# AUTOMOTIVE

- Lubricant / oil / silicone
- Engine cleaner
- Brake cleaner
- Rims cleaner
- Wax cleaner
- Resin from trees (pine sap)
- ....

# *Brake cleaner*

## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| NAME<br>CAS No.:                   | EINECS Nr.: | CLASSIFICATION           | CONTENT |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|---------|
| ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBON<br>265-151-9 | 64741-84-0  | Xn;R65. F;R11. N;R51/53. | 30-60 % |
| DIMETHOXYMETHANE<br>203-714-2      | 109-87-5    | F;R11.                   | 5-10 %  |
| PROPAN-2-OL<br>200-661-7           | 67-63-0     | F;R11 Xi;R36 R67         | 30-60 % |



# Air Filter Oil



---

**1. Identification de la substance / préparation et de la société / entreprise.**

Utilisation commerciale : Huile pour filtre à air.  
Nom / raison sociale du fournisseur : YACCO SAS  
Adresse physique : Avenue des Petits Prés - Z.I. de l'Oison - BP 2 - 76320 Saint Pierre-lès-Elbeuf  
Téléphone / Télécopie : 02.32.96.00.00 / 02.35.78.81.87  
N° d'appel d'urgence : ORFILA - 01 45 42 59 59

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**2. Composition / information sur les composants de la préparation**

Nature chimique : Produit d'origine pétrolière, gaz propulseur neutre ininflammable.  
Composants contribuant aux dangers : Diméthoxyméthane >30% N°CAS 109-87-5 Symbole : F, R11.  
Naphtha lourd hydrotraité <15% 64742-48-9 Symbole : Xn, R65/66

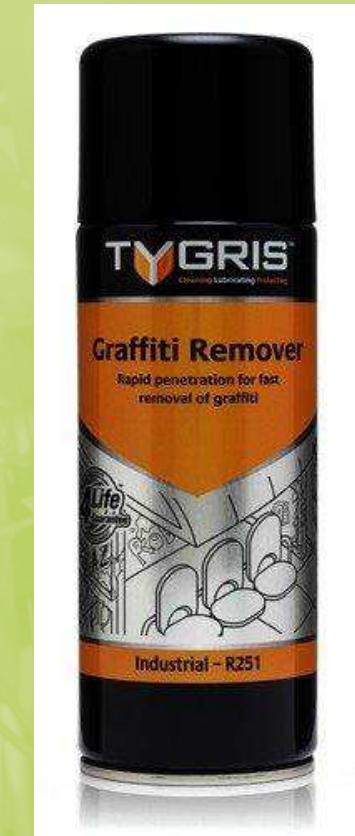
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# TECHNICAL

- Paint stripper
- Graffiti remover
- Lubricants
- Mould release agents
- Glues
- Cleaners
- ...

# Graffiti remover

| 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS |           |          |         |                      |
|--|-----------|----------|---------|----------------------|
| Name                                     | EC No.    | CAS-No.  | Content | Classification       |
| 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE          | 203-603-9 | 108-65-6 | 5-10%   | R10 Xi;R36           |
| ACETONE                                  | 200-662-2 | 67-64-1  | 10-30%  | F;R11 Xi;R36 R66 R67 |
| BUTANE                                   | 203-448-7 | 106-97-8 | 5-10%   | F+;R12               |
| BUTYL ACETATE -norm                      | 204-658-1 | 123-86-4 | 10-30%  | R10 R66 R67          |
| FATTY ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE                 |           |          | 1-5%    | Xi;R41.              |
| ISOBUTANE                                | 200-857-2 | 75-28-5  | 1-5%    | F+;R12               |
| METHYLAL                                 | 203-714-2 | 109-87-5 | 5-10%   | F;R11.               |
| PROPANE                                  | 200-827-9 | 74-98-6  | 10-30%  | F+;R12               |



# Gasket remover



## 2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| Nature                        | Solvent-based gasket remover |               |                    |                |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Component Name                | CAS / EINECS                 | Concentration | R Phrases          | Classification |
| Ethanol, Denatured            | 64-17-5 200-578-6            | 5.00 - 10.00  | R11                | F              |
| Methyl ethyl ketone           | 78-93-3 201-159-0            | 1.00 - 3.00   | R11, R36, R66, R67 | Xi, F          |
| Propane                       | 74-98-6 200-827-9            | 5.00 - 15.00  | R12                | F+             |
| Dimethoxymethane              | 109-87-5 203-714-2           | 30.00 - 60.00 | R11                | F              |
| 1,3-Dioxolane                 | 646-06-0 211-463-5           | 5.00 - 15.00  | R11                | F              |
| Isopropanol                   | 67-63-0 200-661-7            | 5.00 - 10.00  | R11, R36, R67      | F, Xi          |
| Ethanolamine                  | 141-43-5 205-483-3           | 1.00 - 3.00   | R20, R36/37/38     | Xn             |
| Aliphatic hydrocarbon solvent | 64742-48-9 265-150-3         | 0.50 - 2.00   | R10, R65, R66      | Xn             |

# Lubricant

|                    | Cas        | Concentration | Symbole(s)<br>Phrase(s) |
|--------------------|------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Alcanes C7-C10     | 90622-56-3 | 30 < C <= 40  | Xn R :10-65-66-52-53    |
| Methylal           | 109-87-5   | 30 < C <= 40  | F Xn R :11-20-21-22-68  |
| Dioxyde de carbone | 124-38-9   | 1 < C <= 5    |                         |



# Release agent



SANSIL LUBORFLON MS 20  
Release Agents

| Hazardous ingredient   | CAS-nr     | EINECS    | w/w % | symbol | R-phrases*        | Notes |
|--|------------|-----------|-------|--------|-------------------|-------|
| methylal   | 109-87-5   |           | 30-60 | F      | 11                | B     |
| carbon dioxide   | 124-38-9   | 204-696-9 | 5-10  | -      | -                 | A,G   |
| Naphtha (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated light<br>(benzene<0.1%)   | 64742-49-0 | 265-151-9 | 30-60 | F,Xn,N | 11-38-51/53-65-67 | B,P   |
| propan-2-ol; isopropyl<br>alcohol ;isopropanol   | 67-63-0    | 200-661-7 | <20   | F,Xi   | 11-36-67          | B     |
| butan-1-ol; n-butanol  | 71-36-3    | 200-751-8 | <0.1  | Xn     | 10-22-37/38-41-67 | B     |
| tetrafluoroethane  | 811-97-2   | 212-377-0 | 10-30 | -      | -                 | B     |
| Explanation notes  |            |           |       |        |                   |       |
| A : substance with Community workplace exposure limit  |            |           |       |        |                   |       |
| B : substance with national established workplace exposure limit   |            |           |       |        |                   |       |
| G : exempted from the obligation to register in accordance with art.2(7)(a)of REACH Regulation<br>No 1907/2006 |            |           |       |        |                   |       |
| P : not classified as carcinogen, less than 0.1% w/w benzene (Einecs-nr. 200-753-7)                            |            |           |       |        |                   |       |

# Belt adhesive

**Composition :**

| Identification   | Nom   | Classification                                       | %               |
|--|---|--|-----------------|
| INDEX: 601-004-00-0<br>CAS: 106-97-8<br>EC: 203-448-7  | BUTANE (CONTENANT MOINS DE 0.1% DE BUTADIÈNE) | GHS02, GHS04, Dgr<br>F+<br>H:220<br>R: 12<br>NOTA: C | 25 <= x % < 50  |
| CAS: 109-87-5<br>EC: 203-714-2                         | DIMETHOXYMETHANE                              | GHS02, Dgr<br>F<br>H:225<br>R: 11                    | 10 <= x % < 25  |
| INDEX: 601-003-00-5<br>CAS: 74-98-6<br>EC: 200-827-9   | PROPANE                                       | GHS02, GHS04, Dgr<br>F+<br>H:220<br>R: 12            | 10 <= x % < 25  |
| INDEX: 650-015-00-7<br>CAS: 8050-09-7<br>EC: 232-475-7 | COLOPHAN                                      | GHS07, Wng<br>Xi<br>H:317<br>R: 43                   | 2.5 <= x % < 10 |
| INDEX: 601-004-00-0<br>CAS: 75-28-5<br>EC: 200-857-2   | ISOBUTANE                                     | GHS02, GHS04, Dgr<br>F+<br>H:220<br>R: 12<br>NOTA: C | 0 <= x % < 2.5  |



# CONCLUSION

*Methylal's benefits for aerosols :*

- Eases dissolution of ingredients
- Allows to formulate with all kinds of propellants
- Helps formulating low VOC products
- Enhances spray quality
- Speeds up drying